

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem. This involves gathering information about the situation and the people involved. It is important to understand the context and the impact of the problem on the organization and its stakeholders.

2. Once the problem is identified, the next step is to analyze it. This involves breaking down the problem into its components and understanding the underlying causes. It is important to consider both internal and external factors that may be contributing to the problem.

3. After analyzing the problem, the next step is to develop a plan. This involves identifying the goals and objectives of the intervention and determining the steps that need to be taken to achieve them. It is important to involve all relevant stakeholders in this process to ensure that the plan is realistic and achievable.

4. The fourth step is to implement the plan. This involves putting the plan into action and monitoring progress. It is important to communicate the plan to all relevant stakeholders and to provide ongoing support and guidance throughout the process.

5. Finally, the last step is to evaluate the results. This involves assessing the impact of the intervention and determining whether the goals and objectives have been achieved. It is important to gather feedback from all relevant stakeholders and to use this information to inform future interventions.

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INTERFERENCE SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

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